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«LIFE Climate Action and Environment workshop programme - Latvia»

# Topicalities of Latvia's Climate Policy

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#### **Content**

- Latvia's **context**
- Latvia's targets for GHG emission reduction
- Latvia's profile of GHG emissions
- Latvia's climate policy
- Latvia's climate initiatives
- Latvia's main challenges

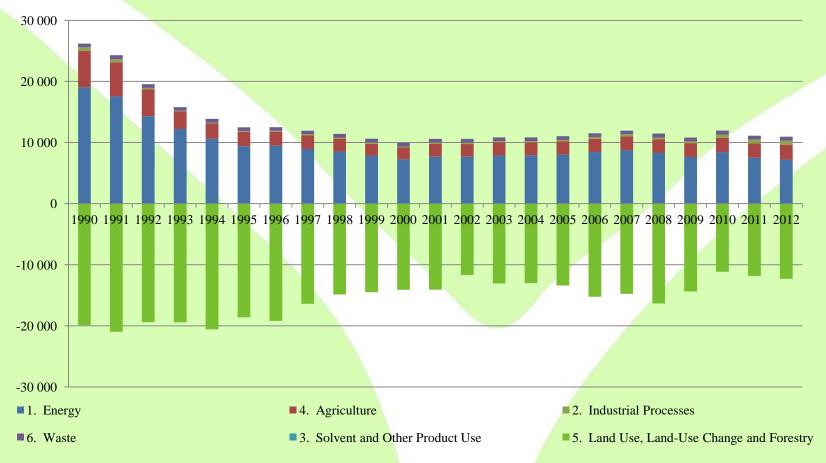
# Latvia's Context (1)



Why?	What?
• Climate change, their acceleration & international commitments towards reduction and removals of GHG	<ul> <li>Need to reduce GHG emissions &amp; to ensure preservation of removals and, if possible, increase them</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>More and more extensive and significant impacts and consequences of climate change</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Need to adapt to climate change</li> </ul>
• Relatively small economy, GDP per capita smaller that EU average	<ul> <li>Need not to preclude, but, if possible, to promote economic development of a state</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Limited availability of public and private financing</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Need to invest in the optimal (cost &amp; benefit ratio!) solutions</li> </ul>

## Latvia's Context (2)



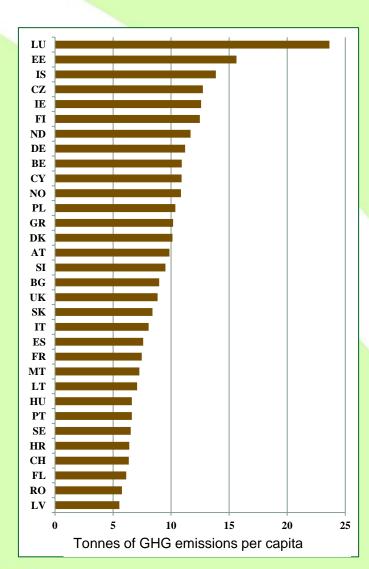


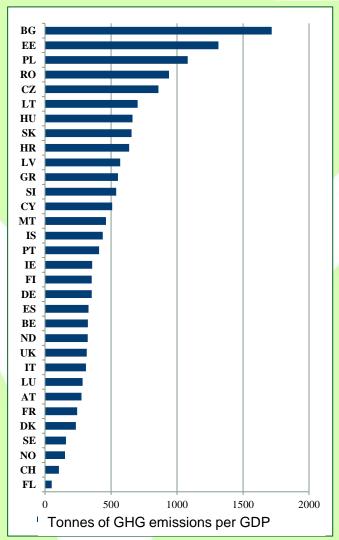
Latvia's GHG emission trends by sector, Gg CO<sub>2</sub> eq



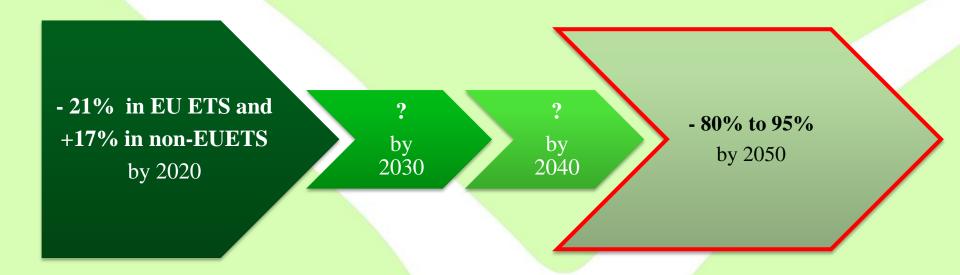
# Latvia's Context (3)







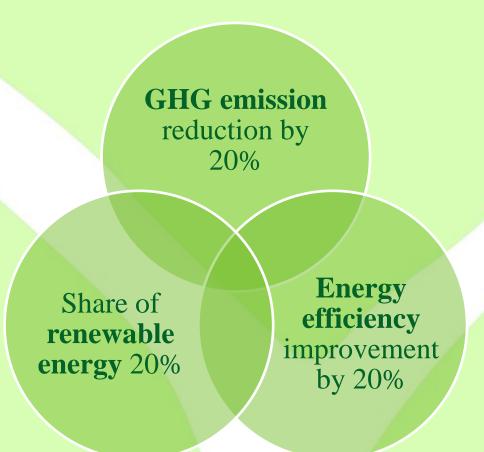
# Latvia's Targets for GHG Emission Reduction



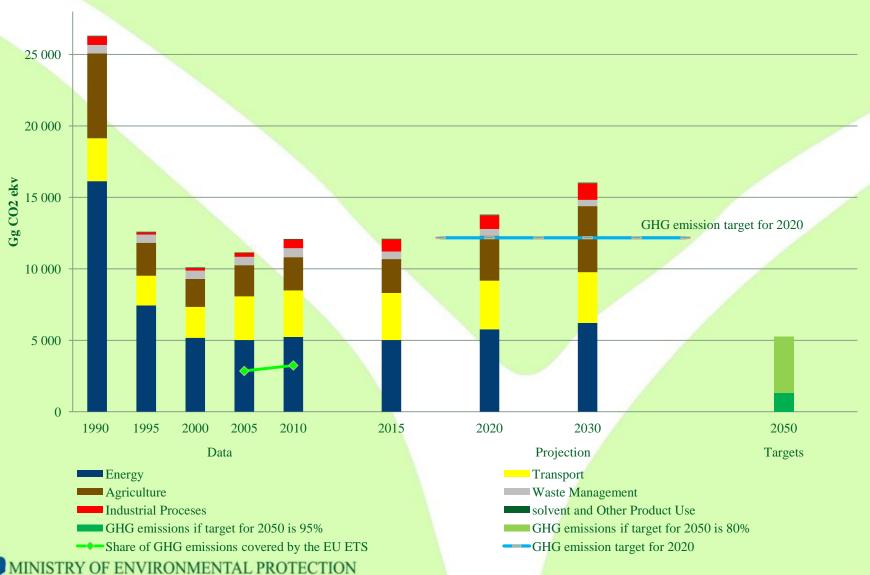
GHG – greenhouse gases

EU ETS – European Union Emissions Trading System

# **GHG Related EU Targets for 2020**



#### Latvia's GHG Emissions



AND REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT

# Peculiarities Regarding GHG Emission Profile

- Relatively small total amount of emissions
- Relatively small share of EU ETS emissions and very large share of non-EUETS emissions
- High share of emissions from transport and agriculture
- Large portion of used resources already «green»
- Relatively high costs of emission reduction
- Very large removals of GHG emissions.

# Peculiarities with Respect to Climate Change

- Warming generally perceived as something positive (difficult to explain adverse impacts of climate change)
- Rather limited level of insurance development and use (different extremes)
- Long coastline, most of major cities at the coastline (erosion of seaside, floods caused by surges)
- Limitations of sewage water system (increasing precipitation, especially, cloudburst)
- Dependency on forestry (changes in ecosystems, extinction & migration of species)
- Vulnerability of agriculture (extremes like floods and droughts, seasonal changes)

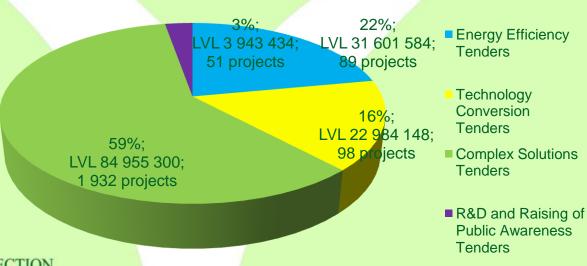
# **Update on Topicalities of Latvia's Climate Policy Development**

- Approve "Environmental Policy Guidelines for 2014-2020" **DONE**
- Elaborate and approve "Climate Change Mitigation Programme for 2014-2020" and implement Effort Sharing Decision **ONGOING....**
- Elaborate and approve "Low Carbon Development 3. Strategy for 2050"
- Contribute towards the development of EU climate energy 4. policy for 2020-2030
- Work on the ratification of Doha Amendment of Kyoto Protocol 5.
- Develop and approve "Strategy on the adaptation to climate change".

# **Primary Climate Initiative – CCFI**



- Climate Change Financial Instrument (CCFI) is a state budgetary programme of the Republic of Latvia that is internationally known as **Green Investment Scheme** (GIS).
- The aim of the CCFI is the reduction of GHG emissions.
- CCFI is operational since 2009. As of 1 January 2014 CCFI announced 23 open calls for projects within 16 different tenders, more than 2100 projects have been completed and around 150 projects are under implementation.
- The total amount of financing within the CCFI is more than ~200 million EUR.



### Other Significant Climate Initiatives

- EU funding (energy efficiency improvements, use of biomas from agriculture and forestry, electromobility)
- Funding of European Economic Area Financial Mechanism (pilot projects for GHG emission reduction)
- Different projects:
  - Integration of Gender Aspect into Climate Change Policy
  - The Nordic-Baltic LULUCF Network for Climate Friendly Land Use Measures
  - Baltic Sea Region Climate Change Adaptation Strategy (BaltADAPT)
  - Climate Change: Impacts, Costs and Adaptation in the Baltic Sea Region (BaltCICA)
  - Promotion of Climate Adaptation Strategy Development in Baltic States (BaltClim)

### **Main Challenges**

- 1. Long-term strategic planning
- 2. Change of attitude
  - an area that needs special, continuous attention!
  - an opportunity, not burden!
- 3. Raising of public and private financing
- 4. Identification of the optimal solutions and their multiplication
- 5. Development, deployment and promotion of new solutions both nationally and internationally



Use just as much energy as needed! ©

# THANK YOU!